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# Suggestions for Msc. Projects 2005 - 2006

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# Knowledge Representation and Reasoning

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- ★ Answer Set Programming
  - ★ a non-monotonic reasoning language
  - ★ specification and program are the same
  - ★ Prolog
  - ★ Answer set solvers

# Example I

There are five houses in five different colors. In each house lives a person of different nationality. These owners drink a certain beverage, smoke a certain brand of cigarettes and keep a certain pet. No owner has the same pet, drinks the same drink or smokes the same brand. Question: Who owns the fish? Hints:

- ★ The Brit lives in the red house.
- ★ The Swede keeps a dog.
- ★ The Dane drinks tea.
- ★ The green house is on the left of the white house.
- ★ The green house's owner drinks coffee.
- ★ The person who smokes Pall Mall rears birds.
- ★ The owner of the yellow house smokes Dunhill.
- ★ The man living in the house right in the center drinks milk.
- ★ The Norwegian lives in the first house.
- ★ The man who smokes Blend lives next to the one who has cats.
- ★ The man who has horses lives next to the Dunhill smoker.
- ★ The owner who smokes Bluemaster drinks beer
- ★ The German smokes Princess.
- ★ The Norwegian lives next to the blue house.
- ★ The man who smokes Blend has a neighbour who drinks water.

$h(1, red) \oplus h(1, wh) \oplus h(1, gr) \oplus h(1, ye) \oplus h(1, bl) \leftarrow$   
 $h(2, red) \oplus h(2, wh) \oplus h(2, gr) \oplus h(2, ye) \oplus h(2, bl) \leftarrow$   
 $h(3, red) \oplus h(3, wh) \oplus h(3, gr) \oplus h(3, ye) \oplus h(3, bl) \leftarrow$   
 $h(4, red) \oplus h(4, wh) \oplus h(4, gr) \oplus h(4, ye) \oplus h(4, bl) \leftarrow$   
 $h(5, red) \oplus h(5, wh) \oplus h(5, gr) \oplus h(5, ye) \oplus h(5, bl) \leftarrow$   
 $n(1, br) \oplus n(1, sw) \oplus n(1, no) \oplus n(1, da) \oplus n(1, ge) \leftarrow$   
 $n(2, br) \oplus n(2, sw) \oplus n(2, no) \oplus n(2, da) \oplus n(2, ge) \leftarrow$   
 $n(3, br) \oplus n(3, sw) \oplus n(3, no) \oplus n(3, da) \oplus n(3, ge) \leftarrow$   
 $n(4, br) \oplus n(4, sw) \oplus n(4, no) \oplus n(4, da) \oplus n(4, ge) \leftarrow$   
 $n(5, br) \oplus n(5, sw) \oplus n(5, no) \oplus n(5, da) \oplus n(5, ge) \leftarrow$

# Code cont.

$a(1, dog) \oplus a(1, bi) \oplus a(1, ca) \oplus a(1, ho) \oplus a(1, fi) \leftarrow$   
 $a(2, dog) \oplus a(2, bi) \oplus a(2, ca) \oplus a(2, ho) \oplus a(2, fi) \leftarrow$   
 $a(3, dog) \oplus a(3, bi) \oplus a(3, ca) \oplus a(3, ho) \oplus a(3, fi) \leftarrow$   
 $a(4, dog) \oplus a(4, bi) \oplus a(4, ca) \oplus a(4, ho) \oplus a(4, fi) \leftarrow$   
 $a(5, dog) \oplus a(5, bi) \oplus a(5, ca) \oplus a(5, ho) \oplus a(5, fi) \leftarrow$   
 $b(1, tea) \oplus b(1, co) \oplus b(1, mi) \oplus b(1, be) \oplus b(1, wa) \leftarrow$   
 $b(2, tea) \oplus b(2, co) \oplus b(2, mi) \oplus b(2, be) \oplus b(2, wa) \leftarrow$   
 $b(3, tea) \oplus b(3, co) \oplus b(3, mi) \oplus b(3, be) \oplus b(3, wa) \leftarrow$   
 $b(4, tea) \oplus b(4, co) \oplus b(4, mi) \oplus b(4, be) \oplus b(4, wa) \leftarrow$   
 $b(5, tea) \oplus b(5, co) \oplus b(5, mi) \oplus b(5, be) \oplus b(1, wa) \leftarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}c(1, pm) \oplus c(1, bl) \oplus c(1, bm) \oplus c(1, du) \oplus c(1, pr) &\leftarrow \\c(2, pm) \oplus c(2, bl) \oplus c(2, bm) \oplus c(2, du) \oplus c(2, pr) &\leftarrow \\c(3, pm) \oplus c(3, bl) \oplus c(3, bm) \oplus c(3, du) \oplus c(3, pr) &\leftarrow \\c(4, pm) \oplus c(4, bl) \oplus c(4, bm) \oplus c(4, du) \oplus c(4, pr) &\leftarrow \\c(5, pm) \oplus c(5, bl) \oplus c(5, bm) \oplus c(5, du) \oplus c(5, pr) &\leftarrow\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\leftarrow h(S, H), h(T, H), T \neq S \\ \leftarrow b(S, B), b(T, B), T \neq S \\ \leftarrow c(S, C), c(T, C), T \neq S \\ \leftarrow n(S, N), n(T, N), T \neq S \\ \leftarrow a(S, A), a(T, A), T \neq S\end{aligned}$$

$n(O, br) \leftarrow h(O, red)$   
 $n(O, sw) \leftarrow a(O, dog)$   
 $n(O, da) \leftarrow b(O, tea)$   
 $\leftarrow h(W, wh), h(G, gr), W \leq G$   
 $h(O, gr) \leftarrow b(O, co)$   
 $a(O, bi) \leftarrow c(O, pm)$   
 $h(O, ye) \leftarrow c(O, du)$   
 $b(3, mi) \leftarrow$   
 $n(1, no) \leftarrow$

$$\begin{aligned} a(O_1, ca) \oplus a(O_2, ca) &\leftarrow c(O, bl), O_1 = O + 1, O_2 = O - 1 \\ a(O_1, ho) \oplus a(O_2, ho) &\leftarrow c(O, du), O_1 = O + 1, O_2 = O - 1 \\ &\quad b(O, be) \leftarrow c(O, bm) \\ &\quad n(O, ge) \leftarrow c(O, pr) \\ n(O_1, no) \oplus n(O_2, no) &\leftarrow h(O, bl), O_1 = O + 1, O_2 = O - 1 \\ c(O_1, bl) \oplus c(O_2, bl) &\leftarrow b(O, wa), O_1 = O + 1, O_2 = O - 1 \end{aligned}$$



# Solution

The solution for this riddle equals:

number	color	nationality	pet	beverage	cigarettes
1	yellow	Norwegian	cats	water	Dunhill
2	blue	Dane	horses	tea	Blend
3	red	Brit	birds	milk	Pall Mall
4	green	<b>German</b>	<b>fish</b>	coffee	Princess
5	white	Swede	dog	beer	Bluemaster

ASP is being used in the real world!

- ★ Decision support systems (NASA)
- ★ Data-integration (Info-Mix)
- ★ Circuit design and verification (A-Circuit)
- ★ Planning (Qsmodels)
- ★ Agents (Dali)

- ★ Estimating Answer Set Density
- ★ "SETI@Home" Style Answer Set Solver
- ★ Finite State Automata Generation
- ★ Incremental Propositional OCLP
- ★ Compute Time Estimator for ASP
- ★ Precomputing branching strategies for Logic Programs
- ★ An open implementation of DLT
- ★ DLV - Smodels Converter
- ★ Argumentation Frameworks
- ★ Playing Answer Set Programs as Games

# More Information?



- ★ Visit [www.cs.bath.ac.uk](http://www.cs.bath.ac.uk) and follow the links to Msc. project page
- ★ Email me
- ★ Come to my office 1W2.28
- ★ Note: I will not be in Bath between Friday 17th - Sunday 26th - I should have email access for some part.