

CM50175 – Research Project Preparation

Writing Dissertations

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`http://www.cs.bath.ac.uk/~jjb/here/teaching.html`

Outline

- More briefings: Finding resources / literature, doing research.
- What does a dissertation look like?
- How do you use latex and bibtex?

How Do You Find Papers?

- How do you **read** papers? <http://www.cs.bath.ac.uk/~jjb/here/msc-lectures03.html>
- Start from a trusted source (supervisor, library searches, google.)
- Look at a good (or famous) paper's past.
 - What does it reference?
 - What does it talk about? (Good *and* bad!)
- Look at it's present (authors, labs).
- Show your review to an expert.

Research Requires Records

- Keep lots of records:
 - notes on what you think,
 - notes on what you read,
 - versions of working programs,
 - data (results, output).
- Organize things by date.
- Keep track of connections (e.g. data, program, theory.)

From the First Lecture...

- **What's in an essay?** A thesis argument, evidence to support it, and analysis of that evidence.
- **How is a dissertation different?** It's longer and contains reports. But mostly, it's not different.

Does a Dissertation Need a Thesis?

- Yes.
- Any dissertation has at least one thesis.
- One of your jobs in writing your dissertation is to *prioritize* your theses.
- Another is to make them clear.

Example Theses from Application Dissertations (1 of 2)

- “Control-flow analysis is feasible and useful for higher-order languages.” — Olin Shivers
 - Explained how to do CFA for higher-order languages (feasible).
 - Demonstrated the kinds of optimisations it enables (useful).
- (Examples from Shiver’s [Dissertation Advice](#), linked from my lecture notes page.)

Example Theses from Application Dissertations (2 of 2)

- “Ordinary scientific programs can be compiled for a new parallel architecture called VLIW (Very Long Instruction Word), yielding order of magnitude speedups over scalar architectures.” — John Ellis
- “This dissertation shows that operating systems can provide fundamental services an order of magnitude more efficiently than traditional implementations. “
— Henry Massalin

Examples from Dissertations

- Where is the Thesis?
- Where is the Evidence?
 - From the literature?
 - In terms of results?
 - In terms of arguments?
- Where is the information for replication?

Quick Introduction to Latex and Bibtex

- Pros: Does all the tricky / boring things for you:
 - Numbering chapters, sections, figures.
 - Making index, bibliography.
 - Formatting **very** prettily.
- Cons: Isn't WYSIWYG:
 - Have to look up commands frequently, e.g. for equations.
 - Not certain where figures will print!
 - Have to compile to see output.

Suggestions for Learning Latex

- Start small! E.g. letters, assignments.
- Start from a template (I'll give you one soon.)
- Bookmark the most useful web pages.
- Work with friends.
- Read web pages next week!

Outline

- Some more discussion about finding resources / literature.
- What does a dissertation look like?
- How do you use latex and bibtex?